

LAGOS CITY POLYTECHNIC, IKEJA

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND APPLIED SCIENCE

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

2015/2016 SEMESTER EXAMINATION

1. (a) Distinguish between
 (i) Discrete and Continuous Variables
 (ii) Probability Mass Function and Probability Density Function

	(b) Let x be a discrete random variable following a Poisson Distribution with parameter λ . Obtain	NO OF QUESTIONS: 6
COURSE TITLE:	STATISTICAL THEORY I	TIME ALLOWED: 2
COURSE CODE:	STA 311	
HRS	(i) The probability mass function of x	
FOR WHOM:	(ii) Mean of x	PT INSTRUCTIONS:
ANSWER	(iii) Variance of x	ANY

1. (a) Distinguish between
 (a) Define the following:
 (i) Mathematical expectation of Random Variables
 (ii) Probability Mass Function and Probability Density Function []
 (ii) Variance of a random variable

- (b) Let x be a discrete random variable following a Poisson Distribution with parameter λ .
 (i) Lists properties of expectation of a Discrete Random Variable.
 (ii) Show that
 (a) $E_t(x) = tE(x)$
 (b) $E(x+t) = E(x) + t$
 (iii) Variance of x

3. (a) Find the following:
 (i) $\int x^n dx$ (ii) $\int (2x^2 + 3x + 8) dx$
 2. (a) Define the following:
 (i) Mathematical expectation of Random Variables
 (b) If X is a continuous random variable with probability density function
 (ii) variance of a random variable
 $f(x) = \begin{cases} kx & 0 < x < 4 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 (b) (i) Lists properties of expectation of a Discrete Random Variable.
 (ii) Show that
 (a) $E_t(x) = tE(x)$
 find the constant k
 (b) $E(x+t) = E(x) + t$

3. (a) Find the following:
 (i) $\int x^n dx$ (ii) $\int (2x^2 + 3x + 8) dx$
 4. A continuous random variable has a probability density function
 (b) If X is a continuous random variable with probability density function
 $f(x) = \begin{cases} kx & 0 < x < 4 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 find $p(0 < x < k)$.

5. (a) Define the moment generating function of a random variable.
 (b) Show that the p.d. f of $X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ where x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n and $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ is $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

4. A continuous random variable has a probability density function
 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3e^{-2x} 2e^{-x} & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

6. States the properties of the Normal Distribution.
 find $p(0 < x < k)$.

5. (a) Define the moment generating function of a random variable.
 (b) Show that the p.d. f of $X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ where x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n and $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ is $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

